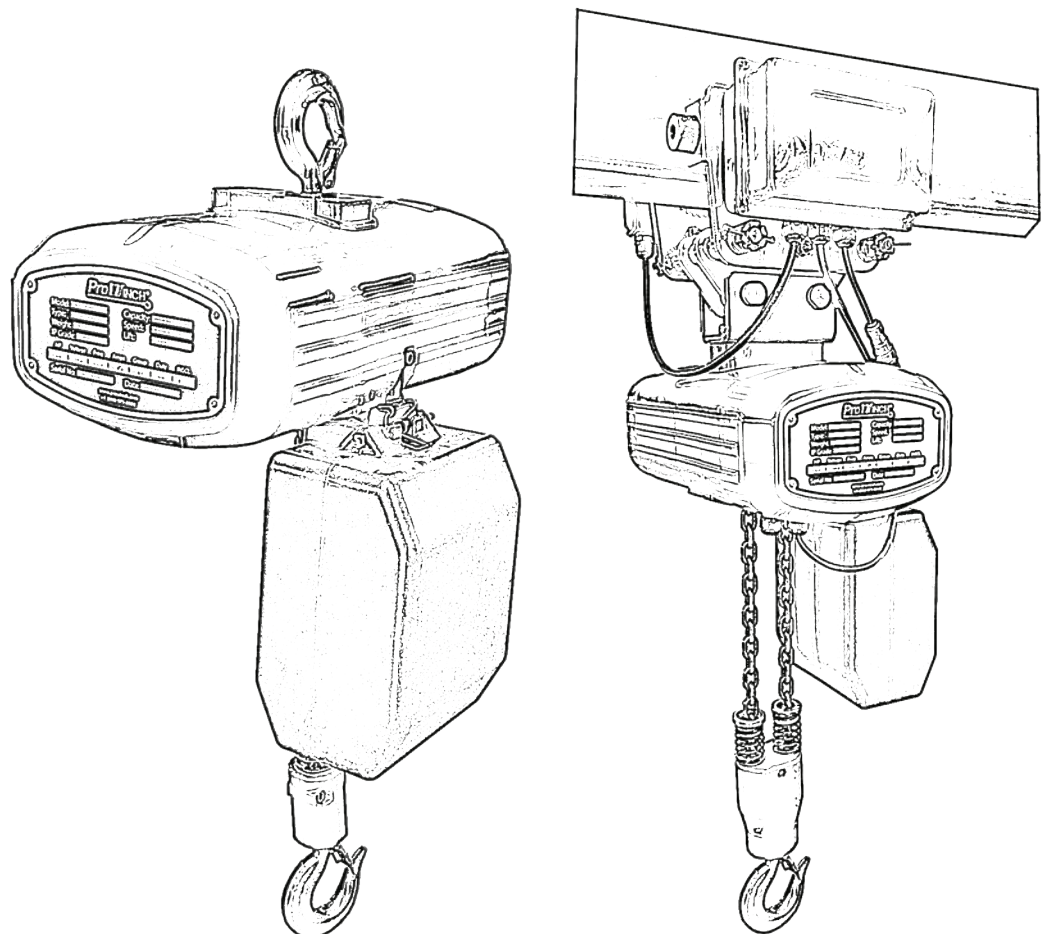




PWJTHF & PWJTHT Single phase models

User's Manual / Manual de usuario

Safety Warnings / Advertencias de seguridad



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PROWINCH LLC COMPANY WITH QUALITY MANAGEMENT SYSTEM

PROWINCH® DISCLAIMER

Prowinch® LLC declares that it has made all safety recommendations related to the purchased product to the customer. As a result, it does not assume any responsibility for any damages or losses that the client or third parties may suffer. These can be caused by or as a direct or indirect result of a breach or omission of instructions or safety warnings in the User Manual and Security Warnings provided with the unit purchased. Prowinch® LLC will not be liable for accidents and/or damages to persons and/or property resulting from the negligent use of the product. In no case does Prowinch® LLC assume any liability arising from using these voluntary recommendations and does not offer any guarantee concerning them. These recommendations do not take precedence over the current safety regulations of the plant. For purposes of enforcing the warranty of the product purchased, Prowinch® LLC, will only be liable for any damage when proven the user has followed each one of the warnings contained in the User Manual and Safety.

1. It is the sole responsibility of the Client / User to verify that the acquired equipment, products, and accessories comply with the characteristics, capacities, requirements, components, accessories, and other conditions for the use that the Client/user intends to give it.

2. It is also the sole responsibility of the Client / User to ensure that the equipment and products purchased are operated and maintained with adequate safety standards and by personnel properly trained in their use. The Client / User is also responsible for implementing all security measures necessary to prevent accidents or damages to people or property and for following the indications and warnings of the corresponding manual.

3. Any assistance provided by Prowinch® LLC in selecting the equipment, capacities, and characteristics required by the client is delivered free of charge and based on the information about the application, use, and requirements provided by the client. It is not the responsibility of Prowinch® LLC to verify the accuracy of the given information. It is the sole and exclusive responsibility of the client -or who will use the equipment and products acquired- to ensure that the specifications comply with the capabilities, characteristics, up-to-date maintenance, and everything necessary for a correct and safe operation about the intended use.

4. Prowinch® LLC recommends using winches with four brakes for personnel lifting. The use of winches with three brakes or less, or operating with safety standards less than required for personnel lifting is not recommended.

5. To guarantee the safety of the equipment's operators, it is necessary to conduct inspections and maintenance of the equipment according to the recommended frequency of its work cycle. It is mandatory to keep records and evidence, including written and photographic reports of: Maintenance, Start-up, Load Tests, Training, Certifications, Inspections, and Reports of failures and accidents.

6. The reports mentioned above must be emailed to registros@prowinch.com within the first seven calendar days after an event.

7. Compliance with timely implementation of mandatory activities described in points 6 and 7, in addition to all the activities mentioned in the corresponding guidelines, are the user's sole responsibility. Failure to comply with the preceding conditions releases Prowinch® LLC from any liability. The information contained in this manual may contain technical errors or inaccuracies. Prowinch® LLC is not responsible for errors, omissions, or incorrect information. This manual is subject to change without prior notice. Download the latest version available at www.prowinch.com. Always check www.prowinch.com for the latest information regarding this product.

Please check our warranty policies on our website www.prowinch.com/warranty.

**WARNING**

Users must be knowledgeable about the safe and proper use of Hoists, Cranes, and other Lifting and material-movement-related equipment and be aware of their responsibilities as outlined in all applicable standards and regulations.

The ASME/ANSI B30 Standard contains provisions for the construction, installation, operation, inspection, testing, maintenance, and use of cranes and other lifting and material-movement-related equipment.

As OSHA's, ASME, and ANSI standards state, a qualified person shall perform the installation, setup, and operation of these units and equipment.

OSHA requires rated load tests for new and altered cranes. OSHA's standard at 29 CFR 1910.179(k) states:

Operational tests.

Before initial use, all new and altered cranes must be tested to ensure compliance with this section, including the following functions:

Hoisting and lowering.

Trolley travel.

Bridge travel.

Limit switches, locking, and safety devices.

The trip setting of hoist limit switches shall be determined by tests with an empty hook traveling at increasing speeds up to the maximum speed. The actuating mechanism of the limit switch must be located so that it will trip the switch, under all conditions, in sufficient time to prevent contact of the hook or hook block with any part of the trolley.

Rated load test. Test loads shall be at most 125 percent of the rated load unless otherwise recommended by the manufacturer. Once you have performed a rated load test, paragraph 1910.179(k)(2) requires that test reports be placed on file where readily available to appropriate personnel."

To ensure safety and installation requirements, Prowinch requires a Load Test to be performed before initial use for all Hoists, Winches, and Cranes, as well as other related components. Not fulfilling this requirement is dangerous, could lead to equipment failure, and will automatically void the warranty.

The B30 Standard is intended to:

(a) Prevent or minimize worker injury and otherwise provide for protecting life, limb, and property by prescribing safety requirements.

(b) Provide direction to manufacturers, owners, employers, users, and others responsible for proper application.

**WARNING**

(c) Guide governments and other regulatory bodies in developing, communicating, and enforcing appropriate safety directives. The equipment covered by the B30 Standard is subject to hazards that cannot be reduced by mechanical means but only by the exercise of intelligence, care, and common sense. It is essential to have personnel involved in the use and operation of equipment that is competent, careful, physically, and mentally qualified, and trained in the proper operation of the equipment and the handling of loads. Serious hazards include, but are not limited to, improper or inadequate maintenance, overloading, dropping, or slipping of the load, obstructing the free passage of the load, and using equipment for a purpose for which it was not intended or designed.

Failure to Read, understand and follow the corresponding ASME B30 Standard information for your Hoist and Lifting equipment may result in severe INJURY or DEATH. It is YOUR RESPONSIBILITY to consider all risk factors and follow all the equipment-related ASME B30 standard, which comprises the following volumes:

- B30.1 Jacks, Industrial Rollers, Air Casters, and Hydraulic Gantries.
- B30.2 Overhead and Gantry Cranes (Top Running Bridge, Single or Multiple Girder, Top Running Trolley Hoist).
- B30.3 Tower Cranes.
- B30.4 Portal and Pedestal Cranes.
- B30.5 Mobile and Locomotive Cranes.
- B30.6 Derricks.
- B30.7 Winches.
- B30.8 Floating Cranes and Floating Derricks.
- B30.9 Slings.
- B30.10 Hooks.
- B30.11 Monorails and Underhung Cranes.
- B30.12 Handling Loads Suspended From Rotorcraft.
- B30.13 Storage/Retrieval (S/R) Machines and Associated Equipment.
- B30.14 Side Boom Tractors.
- B30.15 Mobile Hydraulic Cranes.
- B30.16 Overhead Hoists (Underhung).
- B30.17 Overhead and Gantry Cranes (Top Running Bridge, Single Girder, Underhung Hoist).
- B30.18 Stacker Cranes (Top or Under Running Bridge, Multiple Girder With Top or Under Running Trolley Hoist).
- B30.19 Cableways.
- B30.20 Below-the-Hook Lifting Devices.
- B30.21 Lever Hoists.
- B30.22 Articulating Boom Cranes.
- B30.23 Personnel Lifting Systems.
- B30.24 Container Cranes.
- B30.25 Scrap and Material Handlers.

**WARNING**

B30.26 Rigging Hardware.
B30.27 Material Placement Systems. B30.28
Balance Lifting Units. B30.29 Self-Erecting
Tower Cranes. B30.30 Ropes.

DO NOT**WARNING**

1. DO NOT Operate, install, or repair the hoist unless trained and authorized.
2. DO NOT Operate the hoist unless you have first read the operator's manual.
3. DO NOT Operate the hoist without appropriate PPE and without performing a pre-shift inspection.
4. DO NOT Operate the hoist if not complying with all required OSHA regulations.
5. DO NOT Lift more than the rated load.
6. DO NOT Lift people or lift loads over people.
7. DO NOT Wrap the hoisting rope or chain around the load.
8. DO NOT Operate with the chain/rope not properly seated in the sprockets, drum, or sheave.
9. DO NOT Operate unless the direction of the hook travel agrees with the direction shown on the control.
10. DO NOT Operate the hoist unless the hook travel limit devices function properly.(Test without a load PRE-SHIFT)
11. DO NOT Operate the hoist with twisted, kinked, damaged, dirty, or unlubricated chain or rope.
12. DO NOT Operate a damaged or malfunctioning hoist.
13. DO NOT Operate the hoist when the hook is not centered under the hoist
14. DO NOT Remove or obscure this tag or other WARNING & SAFETY LABELS.

DAILY CHECKLIST**WARNING**

TAGGED HOIST: Ensure the crane or hoist is not tagged out of order.

CONTROL DEVICES: Test Run. Ensure all motions agree with control device mark-ing.

BRAKES: Check all motions for excessive drift and abnormal stopping distances.

HOOK: Check for damage, cracks, nicks, gouges, deformations on throat opening, wear on saddle or load-bearing point, and twist.

HOOK LATCH: Check for proper operations.

**WARNING**

WIRE ROPE: Check for broken wires, broken strands, kinks, and deformation or damage to the rope structure.

CHAIN: Check for corrosion, wear, elongation, twist, nicks, or gouges. Keep Chain/Wire Rope Clean and Lubricated.

REEVING: Check the rope for proper reeving and that rope parts are not twisted.

LIMIT SWITCHES: Ensure that all limit devices stop lifting motion before the load block or chain/rope stop strikes the hoist.

OIL LEAKAGE: Check for any signs of oil leakage on the crane/hoist and the floor. **UNUSUAL**

SOUNDS: Check for unusual sounds from the hoist while operating.

WARNING & SAFETY LABELS: Ensure that labels are not missing and they are legible.

Thank you for purchasing a Prowinch® winch. This manual describes the operation and maintenance of the winch. All information in this publication is based on the newest production information is available at print time.

3. SAFETY PRECAUTIONS

- Prowinch® Electric Chain Hoist is designed for safe and reliable service if operated according to this User Manual.
- Respect all warnings for personal and third-party safety. The inadequate operation of this equipment may cause injuries or damage to the equipment.
- Read and understand this User Manual carefully before installation and commission of equipment. Always keep this User Manual in an accessible location.
- With compact structure, lightweight, and ease of use, PWJTHF and PWJTHT models are preferred hoists for daily use in factories, mines, seaports, and warehouses.
- Hoists misused may harm users and result in wounds, injuries, or death. This User Manual highlights symbols and notes for caution, warning, and danger. Attention to these areas ensures the safety of the operator.

Mandatory use of:



Hard Hat



Safety Glasses



Safety Gloves



Safety Shoes

3.1. Hoist Safety Precautions

**WARNING:**

This symbol indicates unsafe practices or situations which may cause damage to the property and even injuries to the personnel.

**DANGER:**

This symbol indicates a potentially dangerous situation which if not avoided may cause severe injuries or death

**DANGER**

All operators and other users who are near the steel chain or its load must wear required safety equipment: gloves, safety helmet / hard hat, safety shoes and eye protection.

**WARNING**

Before installing, removing, inspecting, or performing any maintenance on the winch, the unit must be unplugged, locked out, and tagged out. Do not use this equipment in hazardous locations.

Read and understand the contents of this User Manual thoroughly before handling the product. Practicing After carefully reading and understanding this User Manual, store it for future reference.

3.2. Before using the Equipment:

- Read and understand the instructions in this User Manual and labels associated with hoist before operating equipment.
- Wear appropriate clothing: Do not wear jewelry or loose clothes as they may attach to chain or hook.
- Wear leather gloves.
- Wear non-slip safety shoes, helmet, and eye protection.
- Perform full check of hoist. Check for damaged parts or unusual characteristics.
- Keep a safe distance: suggested distance is at least 1.5 times the length of hoist's chain. Broken or loose chain may cause injuries or death.
- Check hoist and chain are properly lubricated.
- Secure electric chain hoist to a suitable support.
- Visually inspect all electric chain hoists in addition to regular and maintenance inspections.

3.3. During Operation:

ALWAYS:

Refer to maximum load capacity displayed on ID plate of hoist, not capacity of hook.

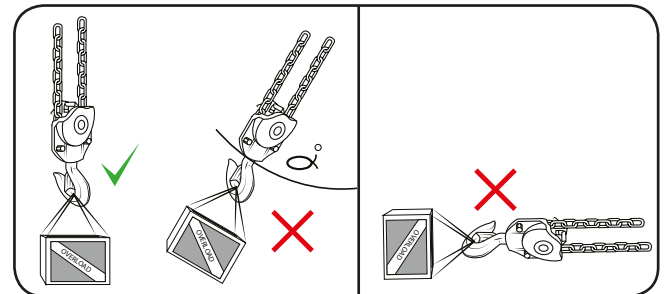
- Stop operation immediately if unauthorized personnel enter working area.
- Check state of hoist: If engine overheats, stop hoist and let it cool for a while.
- Stop, check, and secure load if hoist stops or loses movement during operation.
- Focus on operation. Always pay attention and keep proper balance.
- Unplug hoist after operation.



NEVER:

Exceed maximum load capacity.

- Operate damaged or malfunctioning hoist.
- Operate hoist if behaving unusually.
- Lift, support, transport people, or lift or support loads over people.
- Walk over chain.
- Operate electric chain hoist with twisted, kinked, damaged or worn load chain.
- Use load chain as a sling around load.
- Operate a hoist if ID plate or safety labels are missing or illegible.
- Operate electric chain hoist when exposed to rain or water.
- Use if operator is unwell or not completely attentive.
- Leave the hoist unattended while energized or loaded.
- Never operate the hoist with a non-centered load.
- Operate beyond the limits of the load chain or extend the chain.
- Use the load chain or hook as an electrical or welding ground.
- Remove the labels placed on the electric chain hoist.
- Use the hoist to lift the load at an angle, nor pull or drag the load.



3.4. Inspection, Maintenance and Repairs:

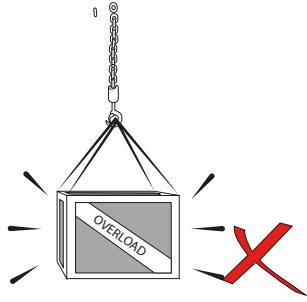
- Only trained and authorized personnel may conduct repairs to equipment.
- Use only original Prowinch® parts. The use of any other part immediately voids warranty.
- Failure to use only original Prowinch® parts may endanger operator.

ALWAYS:

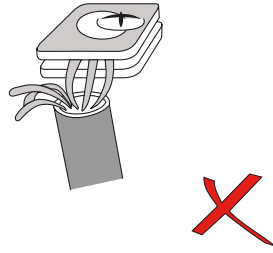
- Check stability of electrical connections.
- Check chain and maintain lubrication.
- Prevent others from being beneath load.
- Regularly inspect and maintain hoist.
- Check correct installation of hoist before using.
- Avoid contact with explosive gases or materials.

NEVER:

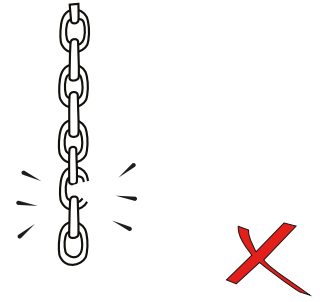
- Overload equipment
- Transport people or animals.
- Stand below load.
- Use hoist if exposed to rain, snow, or electrical storm.
- Leave load suspended for extended period. This may cause component deformation an accident.
- Exceed designated operating temperatures stated in this User Manual (differ depending on model).
- Expose hoist to water, sand, corrosive environment, or other substances which may damage equipment.



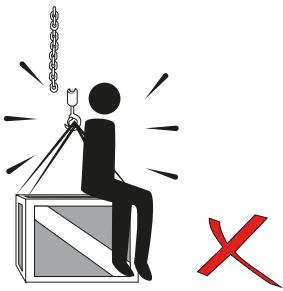
1. Do not overload.



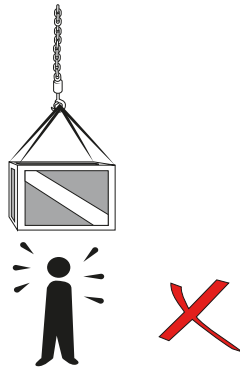
2. Check the proper crimp of the electrical connections.



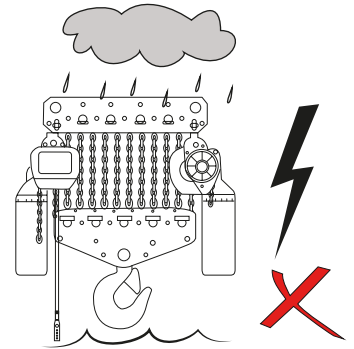
3. Periodically check the chain and keep it lubricated.



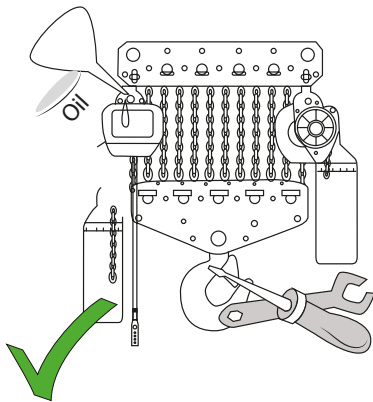
4. Do not transport people or animals with a hoist.



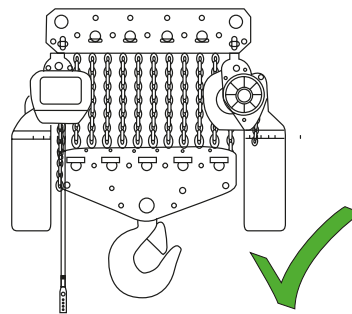
5. Do not step or walk under lifted load and prevent others from doing so .



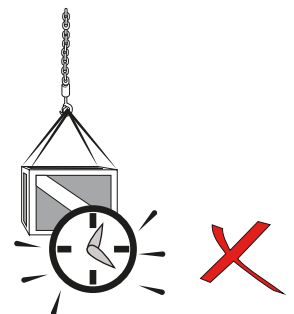
6. Do not use the hoist if exposed to rain, snow or lightning.



7. Inspect and maintain your hoist regularly.

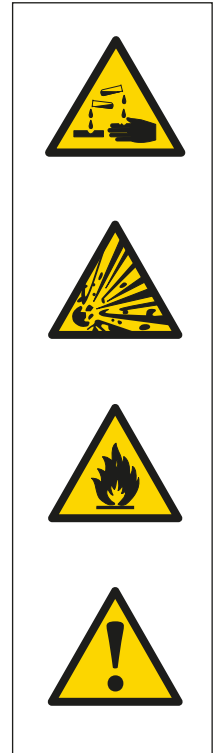
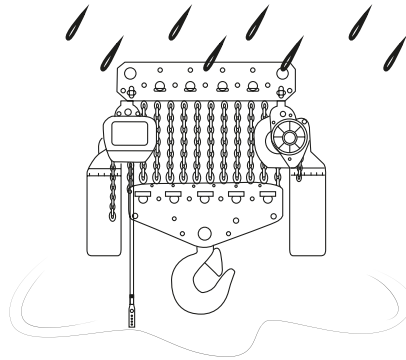
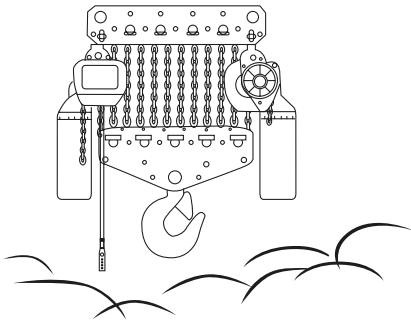
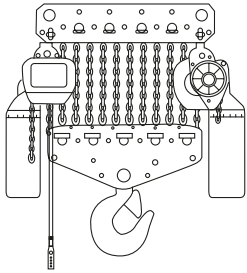
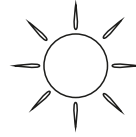


8. Always verify the correct hoist installation before use.



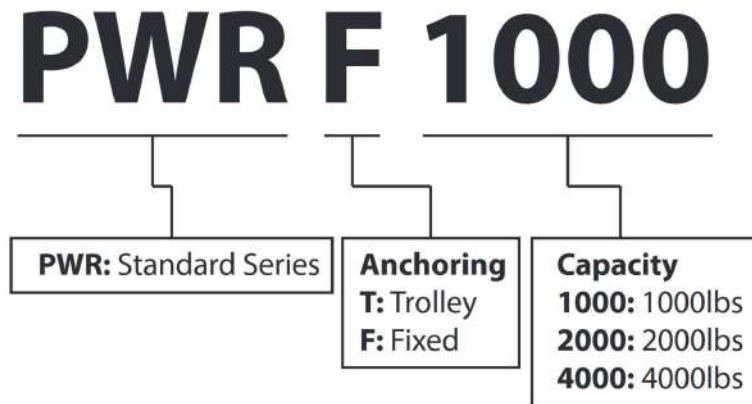
9. Do not leave the load lifted for long periods of time. It may cause deformation of the equipment and increase the risk of an accident.

Do not exceed the operating temperatures for which the hoist is designed. This range is indicated in this manual and may vary depending on the model



4. SPECIFICATIONS

4.1. Product Code.



4.2. Specification Chart (For all models of Prowinch® Electric chain hoists).

Item		Specs
Operating temperature range (°C)		-20° to ± 40°
Operating Humidity Range (%)		< 85%
Protection Class	Hoist	IP55
	Button Switch	IP55
Power		1 Phase, 120V @ 50/60Hz
Noise Level (db)	Single Speed Hoist	81db
	Double Speed Hoist	81db

Observations

Do not use Prowinch® Electric Chain Hoists when the temperature or humidity exceeds the range stated in the Specification Chart.

Our hoists are designed to lift loads vertically under normal atmospheric and working conditions.

4.3. Load Level and Service Life

Hoist Duty Class	Typical Areas of Application	Operational Time Ratings at K = 0.65			
		Uniformly Distributed Work Periods		Infrequent Work Periods	
		Max. On Time, min/hr	Max. No. Starts/hs	Max. No. Time From Cold Start	Max. No. of Starts
H1	Powerhouse and utilities with infrequent handling. Using hoists primarily to install and service heavy equipment, where loads frequently approach rated load and where the hoist is idle for a 1 to 6-month period between operations.	7.5 (12.5%)	75	15	100
H2	Light machine shop, fabricating service, and maintenance use. Loads and utilization are distributed randomly. Rated loads are infrequently handled—total running time is less than 12.5% of the work period.	7.5 (12.5%)	75	15	100
H3	General machine shop, fabricating, assembly, storage, and warehousing. Loads and utilization are randomly distributed. Total running time is at most 25% of the work period.	15 (25%)	150	30	200
H4	High-volume handling of heavy loads: frequently near rated loads such as steel warehousing, machine and fabricating shops, mills, and foundries, with a total running time of not more than 50% of the work period. Manual or automatic cycling of lighter loads with rated loads infrequently handled, such as in heat treating and plating operations, with total running time frequently 50% of the work period.	30 (50%)	300	30	300
H5	Bulk handling of material in combination with buckets, magnets, or other heavy attachments. Equipment is often cab operated. Duty cycles approaching continuous operation are frequently necessary. The user must specify the exact details of the process, including the weight of the attachments.	60 (100%)	600	N/A	N/A

Working Conditions		Load	Time	Maintenance Interval (Months)	Expected Life [Working Hours]				
					800	1600	3200	6300	12500
Light	Light mechanisms are typically subjected to light loads and rarely to the maximum load.			6 - 12	H1	H2	H3	H4	H5
Normal	Mechanisms are generally subjected to moderate loads and frequently to the maximum load.	< 65%	< 25%	6 - 12	H2	H3	H4	H5	
Heavy	Mechanisms are usually subjected to heavy loads and frequently to the maximum load.	> 65%	> 25%	3 - 6	H3	H4	H5		
Severe	Mechanisms are regularly subjected to the maximum load.	Abnormal conditions Environmental, Geographical, etc <100% < Duty Cycle Limit		1 - 3	H4	H5			

4.4. Fixed Hoist Specifications

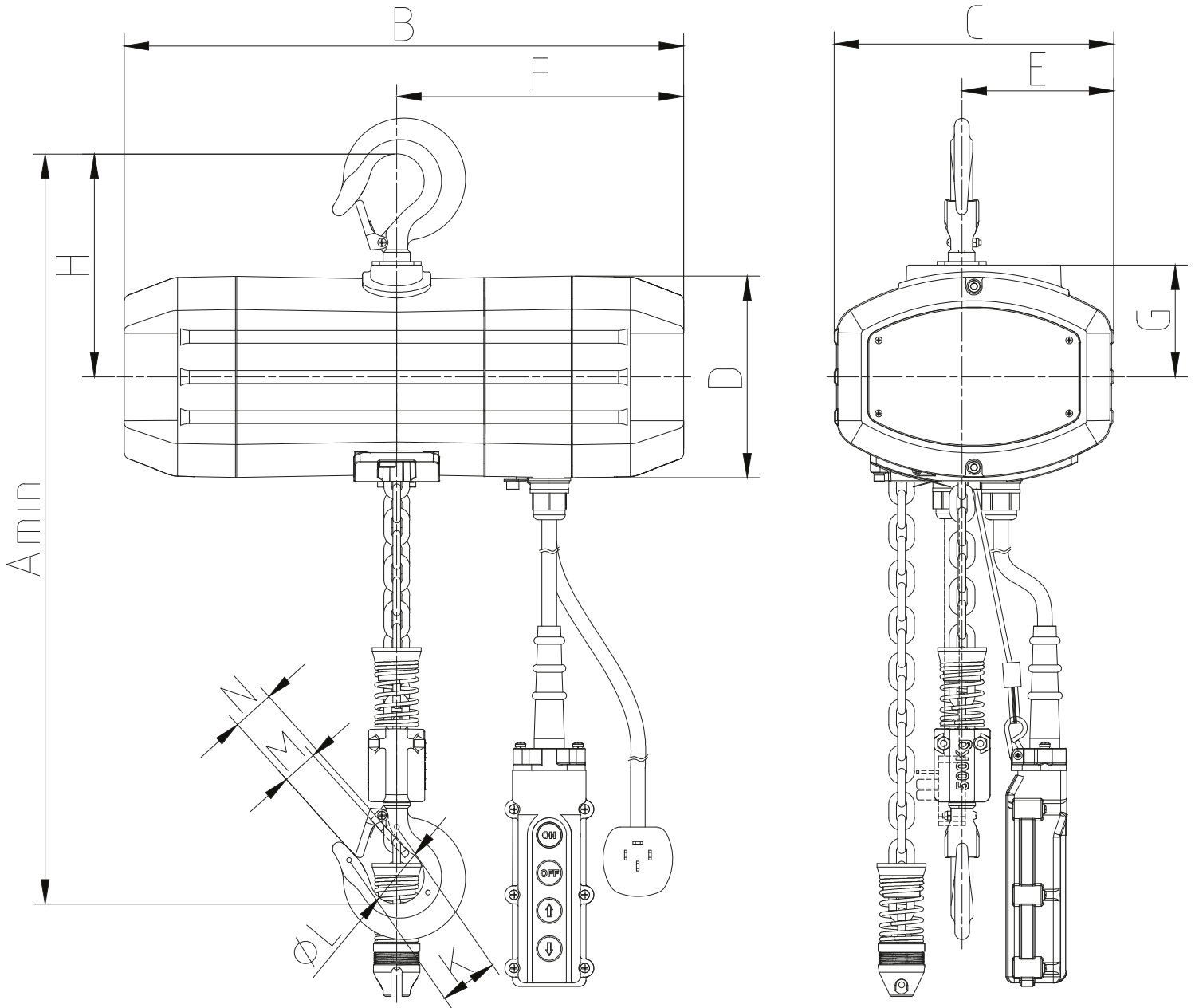
Specifications	MODEL			
	PWJTHF300	PWJTHF500	PWJTHF800	
Capacity (lb)	300	500	800	
Lifting Speed (ft/min)	14	7	7	
Motor Power (W)	160	160	200	
Insulation Grade	IP55			
Power Supply	120VAC			
Control Voltage	120VAC			
No. Chain falls	1	2	2	
Spec. of Load Chain	5x15	5x15	5x15	
Net Weight (lb)	28	40	40	
Basic Dimensions (in)	H	5.4	5.4	5.7
	A	15	16	16.7
	B	14	14	14.0
	D	4.3	4.3	4.3
	E	2.8	2.8	2.8

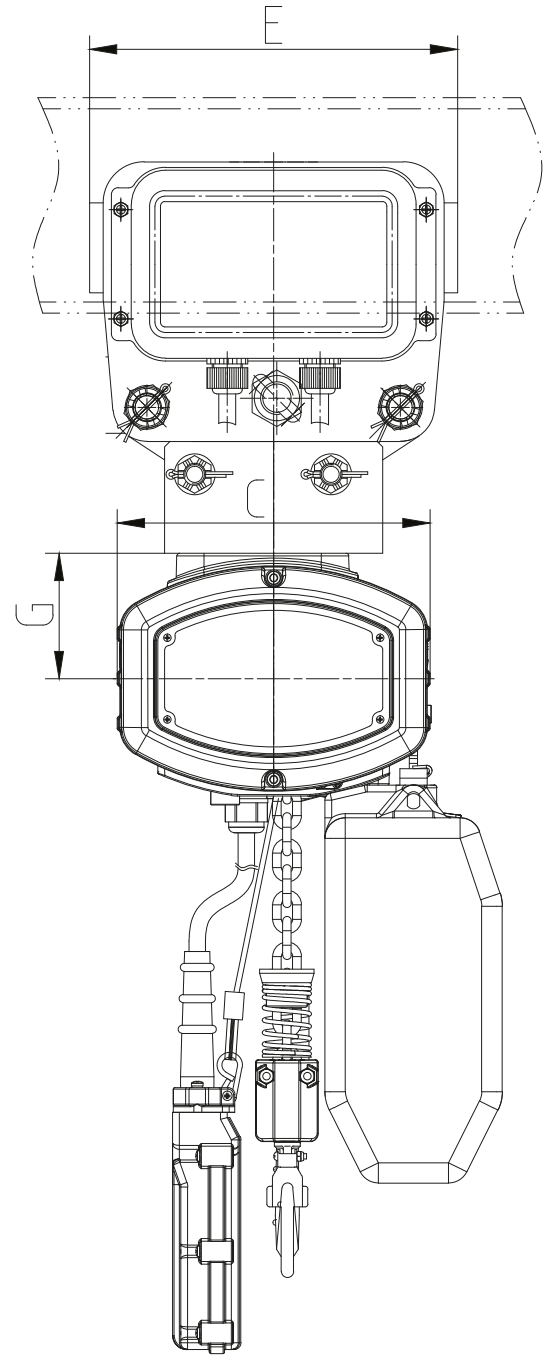
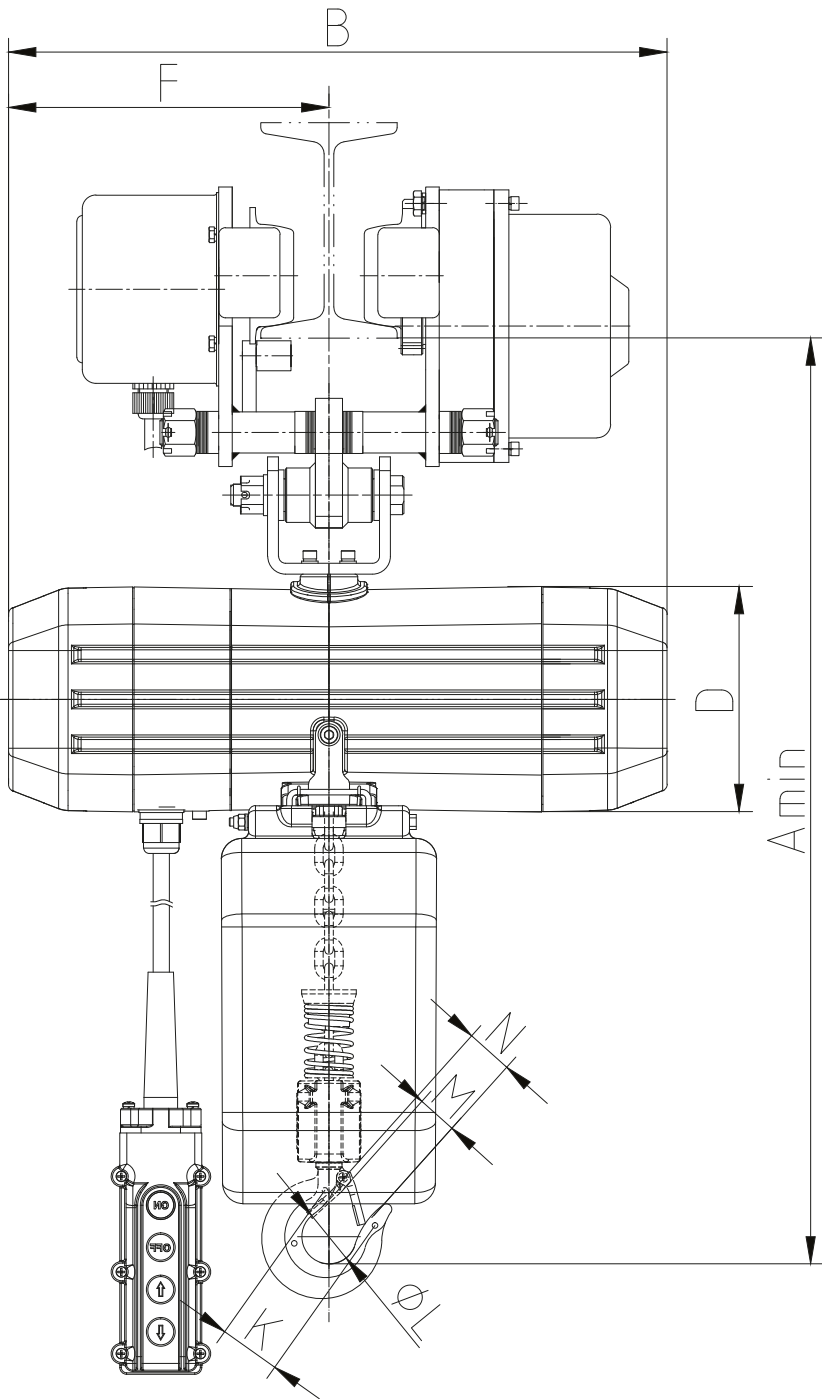
4.5. Trolley Hoist Specifications

Specifications	MODEL			
	PWJTHF300	PWJTHF500	PWJTHF800	
Capacity (lb)	300	500	800	
Lifting Speed (ft/min)	14	7	7	
Motor Power (W)	160	160	200	
Insulation Grade	IP55			
Power Supply	120VAC			
Control Voltage	120VAC			
No. Chain falls	1	2	2	
Spec. of Load Chain	5x15	5x15	5x15	
Net Weight (lb)	28	40	40	
Basic Dimensions (in)	H	5.4	5.4	5.7
	A	15	16	16.7
	B	14	14	14.0
	D	4.3	4.3	4.3
	E	2.8	2.8	2.8

4.6. Hoists Dimensions

Model	Dimension (in)											
	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	L	K	M	N
PWJTHF300	14.5	14.1	6	4.3	2.8	7.9	3.0	5.5	1.4	/	0.91	1.0
PWJTHF500	16.0	14.1	6	4.3	2.8	7.9	3.0	5.5	1.4	/	0.91	1.0
PWJTHF800	16.7	14.1	6	4.3	2.8	7.9	3.0	5.7	1.5	/	0.98	1.1
PWJTHT300	14.5	14.1	6	4.3	2.8	7.9	3.0	5.5	1.4	/	0.91	1.0
PWJTHT500	16.0	14.1	6	4.3	2.8	7.9	3.0	5.5	1.4	/	0.91	1.0
PWJTHT800	16.7	14.1	6	4.3	2.8	7.9	3.0	5.7	1.4	/	0.98	1.1







WARNING

Do not allow chain to run dry

Lubricant dramatically increases the life of the load chain. Weekly lubrication and cleaning are satisfactory, but under hot, dirty, and extreme conditions, it may be necessary to clean the chain at least once a day and lubricate it several times between cleanings. Apply sufficient lubricant to obtain natural runoff and full coverage, especially in interlink areas.

Suspension pins should be lubricated at least twice per year for normal usage; more frequently for heavier use or severe conditions.

Item	Lubricant	Interval	
		Normal Working Conditions	Heavy / Severe Working Conditions
Chain	Lubriplate® Bar and Chain Oil 10-R	Weekly	Daily
	Gear Oil ISO46 – ISO68	Twice Weekly	Daily
Gearbox	Meropa 320 (TEXACO)	Twice per year	Every other month
Hooks, Suspension pins & components	General lithium grease	Weekly	Daily

WARNING

Failure to keep the load chain clean and well lubricated will void the warranty.

Lubricate the load chain daily or weekly, depending on the service severity.

In corrosive environments, the load chain needs to be lubricated more frequently.

Always use lubricant oil equivalent to ISO VG46 or VG68.

PWWA001-V1.0 **Pro** **INCH**

5. INSTALLATION



WARNING

Before installing, removing, inspecting, or performing any maintenance on the hoist, the main switch must be de-energized, locked out, and tagged out. Do not use this equipment in hazardous locations.

Installation Process:

- Electric chain hoists must be grounded properly.
- Lock-out and tag-out the main disconnect switch in de-energized position before performing any service on hoist.
- Customer must provide power supply cable, fuses, and main disconnect switch.
- Check supply voltage is same as nameplate voltage on hoist.
- Ensure that the voltage does not vary by more than $\pm 10\%$ from nominal value.
- Do not use conductors smaller than those listed in this User Manual to supply power to hoist.
- Never bypass limit switches, remove limit switch stops, or alter limit switch devices.

5.1. Unpacking

Hoist should be carefully inspected upon delivery for any damage that may have occurred during shipment or handling. Check the hoist frame for: dents or cracks, external cords for damaged or cut insulation, control station for cut or damaged enclosure, and load chain for nicks and gouges.

1 Chain bag (box)	1 pcs
2 Control wire rope	1 m
3 Button switch	1 pcs

Check and document hoist characteristics:

- a. Model number
- b. Rated capacity (tonnage)
- c. Lifting length of load chain (meter)
- d. Power supply
- e. Push button pendant assembly (2 button, 4 button or 6 button)
- f. Specially ordered optional items
- g. Beam width for trolley installation

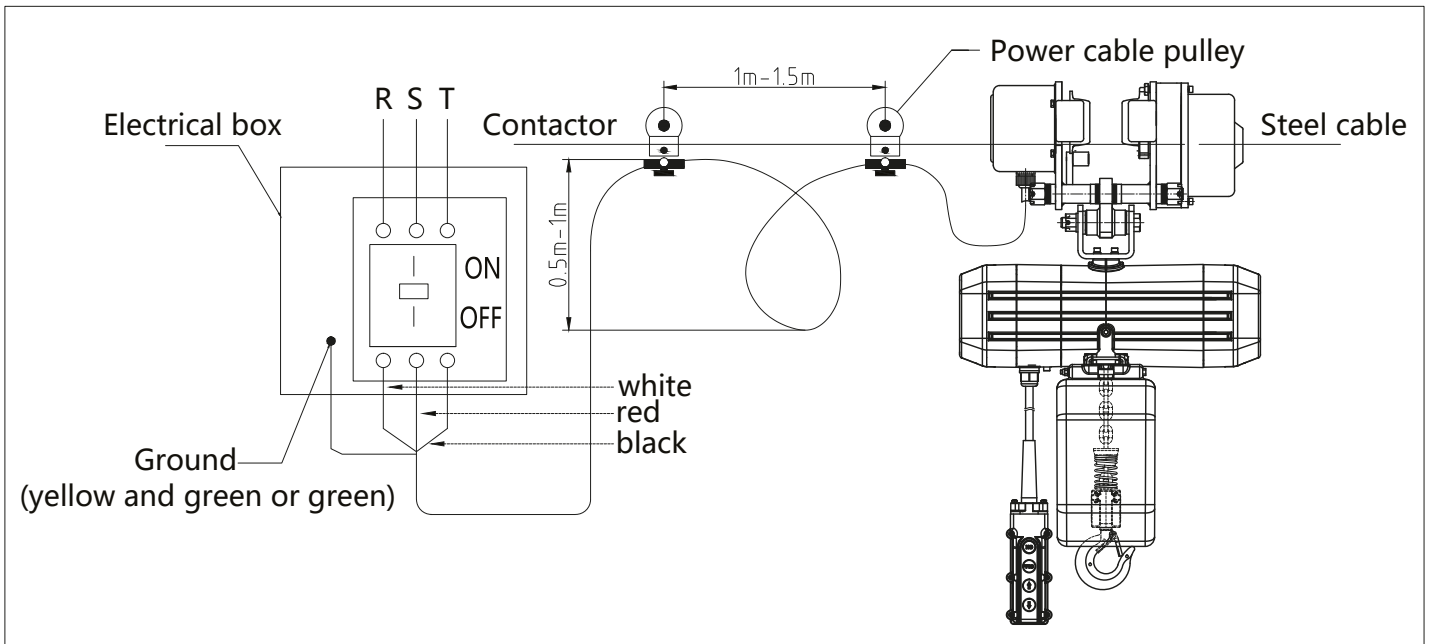
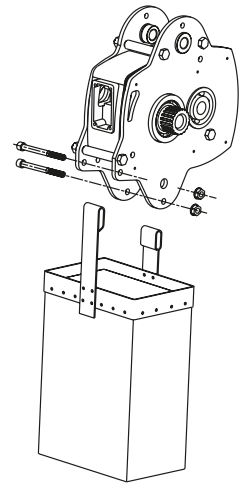
5.2. Chain Bag Assembly

4.3.1 Before installing the hoist, please confirm that the whole upper hook assembly has been assembled firmly to the hoist body and that the chain connection pin has been installed correctly.

Remarks: If the hoist is equipped with an electric trolley, the upper hook can be removed.

4.3.2 Assemble chain bag (Fig.4.1)

4.3.3 Link the power supply and operate the push button. This procedure should be performed by profe



5.3 Electrical Connections

Operator and/or owner must provide main power supply hardware (cable, conductor bar, fuses, disconnect switch, etc.)



WARNING

Fuses and other current overload devices must be in place to protect power supply.
 Do not use power supply cables with solid conductors.
 An improper or insufficient ground connection creates an electrical shock hazard when touching any part of hoist or trolley

	<div style="background-color: red; color: white; padding: 5px;">⚠ DANGER</div> <p>Hazardous voltage inside. Disconnect power before opening.</p>
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	<div style="background-color: orange; color: black; padding: 5px;">⚠ WARNING</div> <p style="font-size: small;">READ AND UNDERSTAND OPERATOR'S MANUAL AND ALL OTHER SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS BEFORE USING THIS EQUIPMENT. THIS EQUIPMENT MUST BE OPERATED BY TRAINED AND EXPERIENCED PERSONNEL ONLY.</p>	
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⚠ DANGER

LOCKOUT / TAGOUT
POWER BEFORE SERVICING
REPAIRING, CLEANING OR
RETOOLING EQUIPMENT



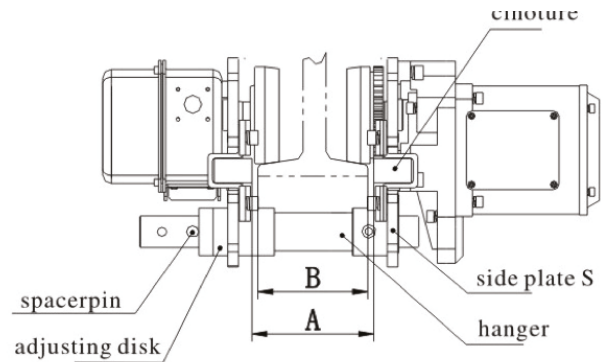
⚠ DANGER

Maintenance or repair
must be carried out by
authorized personnel



5.5 . Adjust Trolley Width (models with trolley)

- Adjust width of trolley according to drawing (right) for appropriate clearance.
- Size A is the dimension of two side plates that stretch outside completely.
- Size A must be approximate B (the width of rail flange) + 4mm.
- Adjust size A by increasing or decreasing adjusting disk.
- Insert cotter pin into spacer pin and bend two branches of cotter pin
- until size A is correct.



Nut must be tight, insert cotter pin and bend it completely.

5.6 . Install Trolley into Beam (models with trolley)

1. Install trolley at end side of beam and slip trolley which has already been connected with hoist to the appropriate place. This is the preferred method.

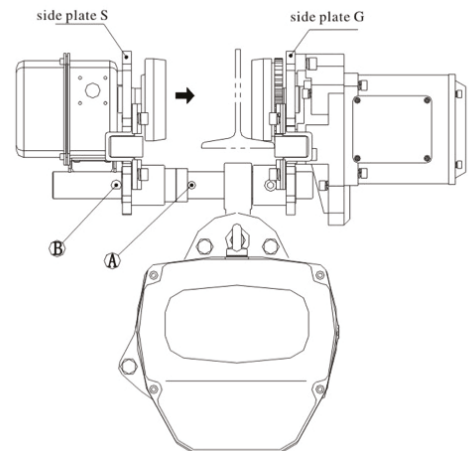
2. If first method is unavailable

a) Unload brake stopper from hole A on suspension pin, and insert it into hole B. Insert cotter pin again and bend it completely.

b) Pull side plate S and G outside, then lift trolley until orbit wheel and orbit surface are in same horizontal position. Put orbit wheel of side plate G onto surface of orbit.

c) Hold side plate G and stop it from dropping from orbit. Firmly push side plate S and put its orbit wheel onto surface of beam.

d) Unload brake stopper from hole B and insert into hole A. Do not forget to bend cotter pin.



5.7 . Supply Voltage



WARNING

Check supply voltage everyday before use. If voltage varies more than 10% of rated value, electrical devices may not function normally and cause damage to equipment.



WARNING

Do not connect equipment to power supply before completing the installation process.

6. OPERATION

6.1 . Qualified Operator

Hoist operators must read and fully understand the operation section of this manual, including all warnings and labels attached to the equipment.

Operator training must be provided to ensure proper equipment operation in compliance with instructions provided by the equipment manufacturer and the provisions of ASME B30, and proper rigging procedures for attaching loads to the hoist.

Safe and efficient operation of this hoist requires an operator who displays caution and careful judgment. The operator must be fully alert, focused, and aware of his/her surroundings.

The operation of this equipment must be closely carried out under the good practices defined by international and national safety standards, such as ANSI, OSHAS and ASME.

Training must be provided to the operator to ensure proper operation of equipment in compliance with the instructions provided by this equipment manufacturer and the provisions of ASME B30.

This hoist must not be operated by someone who:

- Cannot read, understand or speak language of security labels, ID Plate and User Manual of equipment.
- Does not meet legal age requirements.
- Has visual or hearing impairments
- Experiences mental, heart, or other health issues that could interfere with safe operation of equipment.
- Has not been fully trained on the use of hoist.
- Has not received and read User Manual for exact equipment.
- Has not demonstrated qualifications through a practical operation of hoist

6.2 . Handling Precautions

ALWAYS:

- Keep hoist in good condition and make sure chain is lubricated and free to operate.
- Make sure electrical connection is grounded.
- Make smooth movements; avoid sudden changes of direction.
- Check the function of the hoist and trolley without a load before operation.
- De-energize equipment after using it to avoid unintentional operation.
- Keep everyone a distance of at least 1.5 times the length of chain. If load falls it can cause serious injuries and death.
- Make sure no one is beneath the load.

NEVER:

- Use pulleys or other accessories that are not specifically approved for the relevant hoist model.
- Hoist load with the tip of the hook.
- Hoist a load which is not vertical to the hook.
- Use the hoist to pull or drag the load.
- Exceed the maximum capacity of hoist.

6.3. Recommended Operation



WARNING

Always carry out a complete inspection before starting the operation of the hoist.
See ASME B30.

Always let all personnel know that crane maneuvers are about to begin!
Do not allow Unauthorized Personnel to be in the lifting area.

Start with Operational Test

1. Press the (down) button to lower the unloaded hook until the limit spring touches the limit switch. Be sure the hoist stops automatically before totally compressing the spring.
2. Press the (up) button to raise the unloaded hook until the limit spring touches the switch. Be sure the hoist stops automatically before totally compressing the spring.
3. Test the correct function of the emergency stop button. When pressing the (up), and (down) buttons, press the emergency stop button. Ensure the hoist stops immediately after pressing the emergency stop switch. If any other button is pressed. The hoist should not start again.
4. Rotate the emergency stop switch clockwise to its original position. When it bounces back, the hoist may be restarted. If any of the above tests fail, the unit must remain out of service, lockout/tag-out power, and request authorized personnel to check the circuit layout for the automatic locking emergency stop switch.
5. Check the lubricant condition of the load chain. Apply lubricant to the chain bag to protect the load chain.
6. Check the direction of the chain eyes. All welding points should face the same direction. The hoist cannot be operated properly unless all welding chain eyes are in the same line.
 - 6.1. Position the hoist vertically to the load. Before moving the trolley, ensure the hook's path is free from all obstacles.
 - 6.2. Lower the hook near the master link to hoist load and make final adjustments to secure a 90° vertical lift operation without any lateral deviation. Improper lift angle may cause the load to swing.
 - 6.3. Attach the hook to the load link and make sure there are no people in the working area. Check that no loose items can fall from the load.
 - 6.4. Begin by hoisting the load two inches, then stop. Ensure the brakes are fully operational and the load doesn't lower while stopped. Also, ensure the load is balanced and secured. The load may have shifted when suspended.
 - 6.5. Movement must be smooth and continuous to reach the desired position. Repeatedly pressing buttons may heat the motor and damage equipment.
 - 6.6. Avoid sudden directional changes. These movements may damage the equipment, prematurely wear down brakes, and cause accidents



WARNING

If the hoist model has dual/speed capabilities, always start with slower speed to avoid sudden accelerations. Decelerate before completing a stop.

7. Avoid any obstacles while hoisting or traveling the load.
8. Start movement of the trolley and ensure that the load is not swinging and there are no obstacles in its path. Stop movement and make necessary adjustments if one of these conditions is present.
9. Once the desired position is reached, slowly stop the trolley. Position the load completely vertical to the desired spot where load will be lowered.
10. Gradually lower load until it is secured on resting surface. Avoid hitting surface at high speed. If necessary, stop movement before reaching surface and gradually lower to land load.

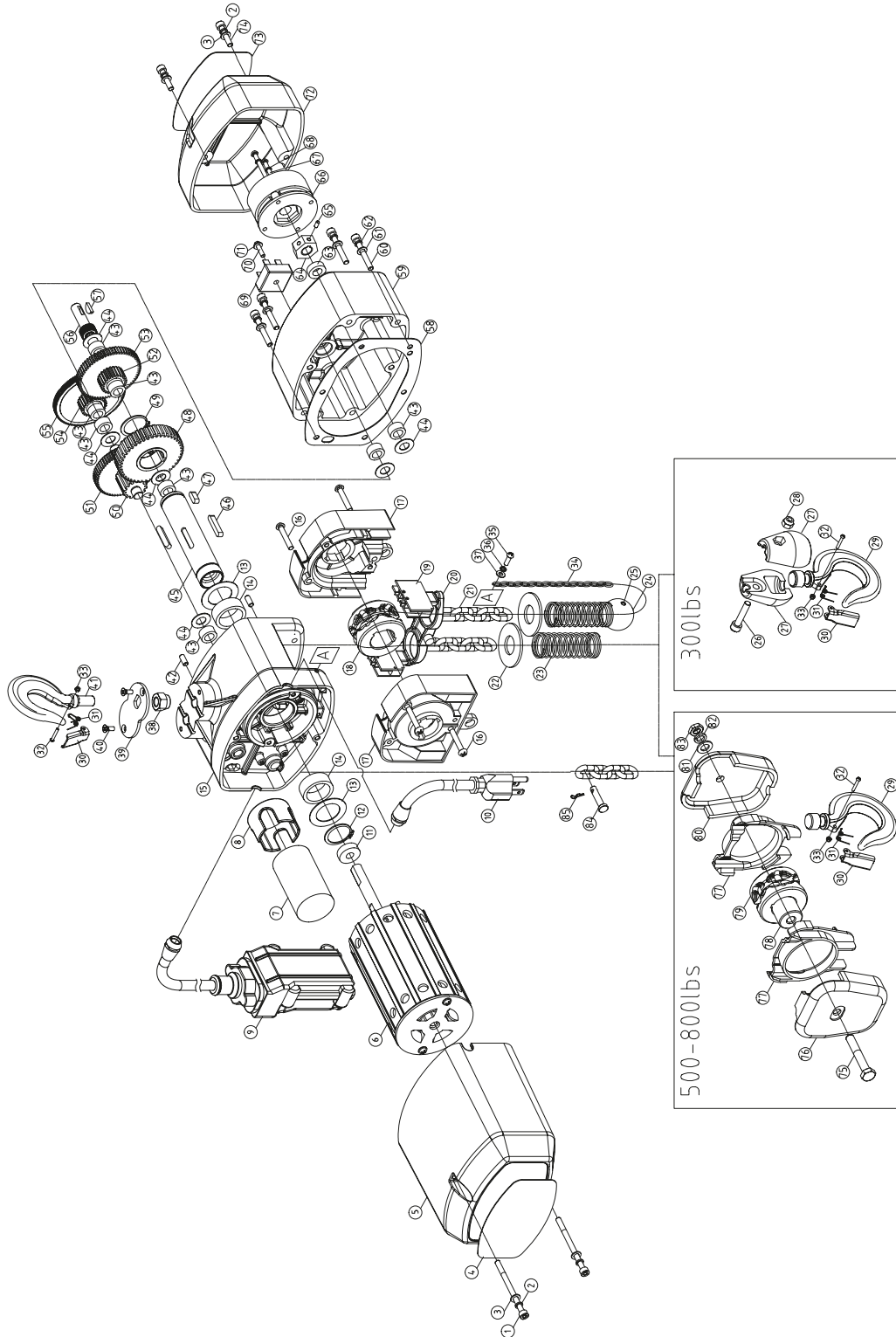


DANGER

NEVER leave load suspended without attention of the hoist operator!

7. H3 EXPLODED VIEW AND PARTS LIST

7.1 . Motor and body assembly drawing

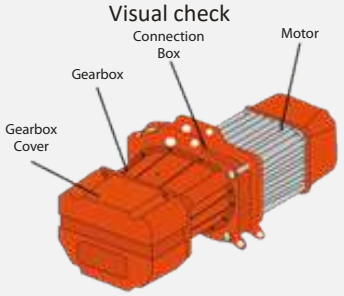


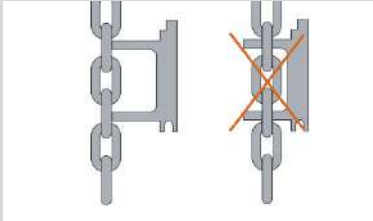
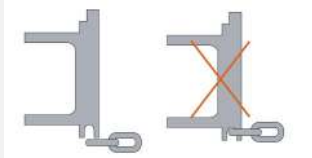



7.4. Trolley assembly parts list.


	Part Name	No.	Part Name
1	Hexagonal Screw	33	Edge wheel axis
2	Spring Washer	34	Trolley edge wheel
3	\	35	Side wheel support gasket
4	Motor Back Cover	36	Spring washer
5	Rolling Bearing	37	Hexagonal Screw
6	Brake Assembly	38	Spring Washer
7	Rubber Ring	39	Gear
8	Hexagon socket cylindrical head screw	40	Bearing
9	Spring Washer	41	Washer
10	Motor Cover	42	Trolley wheel washer
11	Motor electronic tape coil	43	Driving wheel
12	Brake Spring	44	Outer hexagonal bolt
13	Rotor	45	Trolley motherboard set
14	Rotor Shaf	46	Spring Washer
15	Bearing	47	Non-metallic hexagonal lock nut
16	Motor base plate	48	Trolley axis adjustment ring
17	Gasket	49	Trolley board set
18	Limit switch gasket	50	Trolley board
19	Limit switch cover plate	51	Board housing washer
20	Washer	52	Trolley shaf
21	Gear	53	Shaft pin
22	Hexagonal Screw	54	Split pin
23	Spring washer	55	Slotted pan head screw
24	\	56	Connection fixing ring
25	Hexagonal Screw	57	\
26	Ring	58	Motor Wiring housing assembly
27	Bearing	59	Spring washer
28	Spring Washer	60	Hexagonal Screw
29	Trolley output head	61	Mounting Plate
30	Trolley round head	62	Motor wiring hood housing gasket
31	Trolley main board	63	Motor Wiring housing assembly
32	Edge wheel bracket	64	Hexagonal Screw

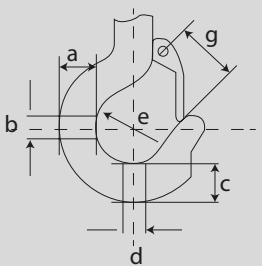
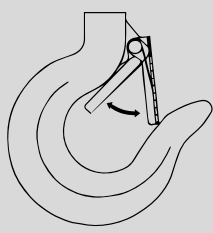
8. OPERATION

8.1 . Periodic Inspection

Items	Inspection Method	Standards	Correction
Marks such as name-plates, labels etc.	Visual check	Clear marks and no peeling	Proceed with cleaning, repairing and replacing. Record serial number for replacing
Deformation or damage of body parts	Visual check 	No remarkable deformation, damage, defect or chap	Replace parts which are deformed, damaged, and defective
Bolts, nuts, and cutters loose or falling of	Visual and tool check	-Correct installation -A loose bolt will cause equipment failure -Ensure proper installation to avoid death or serious injury	Precise installation

Items	Inspection Method	Standards	Correction
Extent of pitch	Check by chain measurement tool		
Attrition of chain diameter	Check with chain measurement tool		
Deformation, damage, wind	<p>Visual check</p> <p>Damage Chap</p>  <p>Confirm chain is not stuck to welding spatters by visually inspecting it.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> -No deep cut - No Deformation - No Deformation - No Wind -No Chap 	Replace load chains
Rust and corrosion	Visual check	No remarkable rust and corrosion	Replace load chains
Distortion	Visual check	<p>No distortion due to bottom block rollover of double chain models</p> 	Correct distortion
Oil supply	Visual check	<p>Adequate supply of oil</p> 	Oiling

Items	Inspection Method	Standards	Correction		
Limit switch	Check by pushing button	Operate until upper and lower limit cause automatic motor shutdown	Replace limit switch, disassemble and clean limit lever		
Movement confirmation	Check by pushing button	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Load chain can roll up easily -Motor shutdown immediately when operation stops -All movements shutdown when E-stop button pushed -Other buttons cannot cause movement when pushing the E-stop button -All movements return to normal operation when E-STOP button relieved 			
Brake	Check by pushing button	Brake quickly activates and operation of bottom hook immediately stops (amount of movement of the load chain is within 2 to 3 rings)			
Chain Spring	Visual inspection and measure dimensions	Chain	Replace chain spring 		
				length of spring	
				Standard	Limits
				Ø6.3	145
	Ø7.1	145	140		
	Ø10.0	135	129		

Items	Inspection Method	Standards	Correction						
Attrition and opening of the hook	Visually check and with vernier caliper tool 	No remarkable opening or attrition							
		Load		a	b	c	d	e	g
		0.3 -0.5		27	18	25	17	35	28
		1		34	24	30	24	42	32
		2		46	29	39	30	49	40
		3		56	35	49	34	59	48
		5		67	43	67	44	60	48
		7.5 - 10		82	55	80	48	85	80
		15		110	78	120	80	120	90
		20- 25		142	95	155	98	150	115
Deformation, damage and corrosion	Visual check	No remarkable deformation, harmful damage and corrosion	Replace hook						
Hook safety block	Visual inspection, fold and unfold actions	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Can exactly fold inside the hook -No deformation Dangerous -Do not use hook if safety block is loosening Improper use will lead to death or serious injury 	Replace hook safety block 						
Hook movements (rotate)	Visual inspection and manual rotation	No remarkable space between bottom supporting and top -equal at right and left -easy to rotate 360°	Replace hook						

9.1 . During Operation

Symptoms		Main Cause	Correction	
Hoist does not operate	Brake is inaudible	Excessive voltage	Power	
		Operating circuit break-off, electric parts over-heating	Power supply	
			Internal wiring	
			Contactor	
			Transformer	
		Up/Down limit switch		
	Contactor is audible	Power circuit break-off, overheating motor, brake	Button switch	
			Motor	
			Brake	
			Internal wiring	
Brake is audible	Drive overheating, broken bearing	Contactor (junction fusing)		
		Gear		
Operates without load only	Unable to lift (motor roar)	Default phase (single phase operation)	Bearing	
			Power	
Operates without load only	Slow lifting	Low voltage	Feed power	
			Motor	
Unintended reaction from button	Inverse reaction from button	Wrong phase sequence wiring	Contactor (junction fusing)	
		Incorrect signal wiring	Feed power	
	No reaction after pressing button	Circuit wire break	Internal wiring	
			Button switch	
		Electric installation parts	Internal wiring	
			Button switch	
			Contactor	
			Up/Down limit switch	
			Contactor	
			Brake	
			Feed power	
			Internal wiring	
	Noise of brake	Running (grating)	Drag	Button switch
		Stop	Wear of friction plate	Load chain
	Abnormal noise of rail curve (grating)		Obstruction of orbit/wheel	Load pulley, bare pulley
				Gear
			Bearing	
			Brake	
			Brake	
			Operation of trolley	

Fault		Major Cause	Check Items
Does not move horizontally		Rail declining	Trolley movement
	Electric trolley /manual trolley	Inclined pull (wheel is lifting)	Trolley movement
	Electric trolley /manual trolley	Gear occlusion problem	Trolley movement
	Electric trolley /manual trolley	Brake fastening	Trolley movement
	Electric trolley	Electric faults	Trolley movement
Irregular movement and noise	Electric trolley /manual trolley	Rail & wheel interference	Trolley movement
		Side wheel lacks oil	
		Uneven wheel wear	
		Wheel deformation	
		Rail deformation, wear	
		Bearing wear	
Hook		Deformation	Hook
Load chain		Wear, extension, deformation	Load chain
Electric shock upon touching machinery body or control switch		Equipment not properly grounded	Proper electric connection
Does not operate in non-load state	Brake inaudible	Supply power	Supply power voltage
		Operating circuit break-off, electric parts overheating	Cables
			Internal wiring
			Transformer
			Electrical relay
			Limit switch
	Push button switch		
	Braking interval too large or small.	Motor	
		Calibrate brake	
Tripping as motor overheats	Thermal protector		
Brake audible	Bearing burning out, driving component wear	Replace brake bearing	
		Bearing	
Slow load operation	Voltage drop	Feed cable	
Low and high speed status not operating or working slow	Low voltage	Supply power	
	Voltage drop	Feed cable	
Movement does not correspond with switch button	Movement did not correspond with switch button	Motor wires connected	Motor
		Connection error	Internal wiring
	Switch button did not work		Push button switch
		Operating circuit break-off	Internal wiring
			Push button switch
	Electrical installation error	Limit switch	

Condition	Reason	Action	Cause	Correction
No operation	Abnormal supply voltage	Power supply	Improper power supply	Check power supply regularly

9.2. Power

Condition	Reason	Action	Cause	Correction
No operation	Wire break	Repair or change cable if broken	Strong force exerted	Firmly fix on cable support or other equipment
			(2 or more)	Use anti-vibration cable in movable part.
			Twisted, knotted	Straighten twists and knots
			Interference with other equipment	Use fixed cable and avoid outside interference
	Overheating	Check cables, exchange if overheating	Temperature rise due to off-capacity	Adopt the proper cable
			Binding cable used	Do not use binding cable
Starting slow or no operation	Off-capacity	Check cable diameter, replace cable if diameter is too small	Voltage drop	Adopt proper cable
Operation only in free load (single phase)	1 wire break or overheating	Refer to above break or overheating item		
Movement did not correspond with switch button (opposite)	Power line connection error	Replace wires	Wiring assembly error	Connect wire as per wiring diagram

9.3. Motor

Condition	Reason	Action	Cause	Correction
No operation	Coil burning (above 2 phase)	Measure phase resistance value; change motor if value is infinite.	Excessive current caused by high or low voltage	Operate under rated voltage
			Excessive current caused by overload	Operate under rated voltage
			Beyond short-term rating and intermittent cycle rating	Short-term rating, intermittent cycle rating, operate under rated voltage
				Avoid over-operation
			Excessive current caused by brake	Refer to brake
	Lead wire break (above 2 phase)	Measure phase resistance value; change motor if value is infinite.	Lead wire broken in assembly	Change motor coil
Vibration, drop			Avoid excessive bumping in usage	
Operation only in free load (single phase state)	Coil burning (1 phase only)	Measure phase resistance value; change motor if value is infinite	Poor electric isolation	Ensure foreign matter does not enter motor
	Leading wire break (1 phase only)	Measure phase resistance value; change motor if value is infinite	Leading wire break in assembly	Change motor coil
			Vibration, drop	Avoid excessive bumping

9.4. Brake

Condition	Reason	Action	Cause	Correction	
No operation	Braking coil burning	Measure brake phase resistance value; change brake if value is infinite.	Excessive current caused by high or low voltage	Operate under rated voltage	
				Avoid over-operation	
			Excessive current caused by overload	Operate under rated voltage	
				Confirm short-term rating, intermittent cycle rating, operate under rated voltage	
				Excessive current caused by operation in single phase state	Stop immediately if unable to lift load in single phase
	Friction plate beyond brake magnetism scope	Measure brake clearance, replace if space is over usage limit			Avoid over-operation
	Broken brake wire	Ensure wire is connected, replace if disconnected	Lead wire damaged during assembly		Replace coil brake
	Improper connection of brake wire terminal	Replace insert terminal when loose	Assembly error		Proper connection in assembly
Rust	Replace brake if rust present		Exposure to water in storage	Ensure dry storage	
			Condensation	Monitor usage environments	
Friction plate wear	Measure brake clearance, replace if space is over use limit			Avoid over-operation	

9.5. Inside Wiring

Condition	Reason	Action	Cause	Correction
No operation	Break	Check cable, repair if wire break	Vibration, drop	Avoid excessive bumping in usage
			Leading wire damaged in assembly	Change motor coil
			Check connector, repair if wire break	Connector not properly set
	Wiring error	Refer to wiring diagram, ensure properly connected	Wiring error	Refer to wiring diagram, ensure properly connected
	Connector screws loose	Fastening	Improper fastening	Ensure effective fastening
	(overheating)		Vibration, drop	Avoid excessive bumping in usage
	Connector, insert terminal improper combination	Proper combination	Bad combination during assembly	Ensure combination is effective

9.6. Transformer

Condition	Reason	Action	Cause	Correction
No operation (contractor)	Coil burning, break	Measure coil resistance value; Change transformer if value infinite	Excessive voltage	Operate under rated voltage
				Avoid over-operation
			Excessive current caused by contactor	Refer to contactor items
			Vibration, drop	Avoid excessive bumping in usage
	Wire break	Check leading wire, repair or change transformer if wire	Vibration, drop	Avoid excessive bumping in usage

9.7. Contactor & Electric Reply

Condition	Reason	Action	Cause	Correction
Non-stop activation	Junction welding burn out	Change contactor if continuous welding or burn out. For electric reply, visual inspection of junction		Do not over-operate
			Excessive voltage (Excessive current)	Operate under rated voltage
			Excessive current due to overload	Operation under rated voltage
No operation	Coil burning	Measure coil resistance value. Change coil if value infinite.		Avoid over-operation
			Excessive voltage	Operate under rated voltage
			Vibration due to low voltage (Starting current added continuous)	Operate under rated voltage
		Replace contactor if action is not smooth. For electric reply, visual inspection for part breakage	Vibration, drop	Avoid excessive bumping in usage

9.8. Limit switch

Condition	Reason	Action	Cause	Correction
No operation (Contactor)	Contact fused	Operate limit switch. Check continuity of contactor, replace if result is negative	Limit switch overuse	Avoid overuse of switch
	Wire break	Inspect cable, change if wire breakage or replace limit switch	Vibration, drop	Avoid excessive bumping in usage
	Movable parts rusting	Check movable parts such as limit lever. Remove if rusty or replace if adhesive	Set in Up/Down limit for long time	Do not set in Up/Down limit
Motor did not stop upon reaching upper and lower limit	Contact welded	Operate limit switch. Check continuity of contactor, replace if does not open	Limit switch used frequently	Avoid overuse of limit switch
	Rusting of movable parts	Check movable parts such as limit lever. Remove if rusty or replace if adhesive	Infrequent usage; use in moist environments.	Regular inspection
	Wiring error	Reference wiring diagram. If limit switch cable is properly connected, it is inversely connected. Swap 2 wire power cords	Wiring error	Properly connect wire power cords as per wiring diagram

9.9 Push button switch

Condition	Reason	Action	Cause	Correction
No operation (Contactor)	Emergency button is pressed	Turn button right to recover	Emergency button not reset	Read User Manual before usage
	Switch gear fault	Conduction contacts, replace switch if off	Vibration, drop	Avoid excessive bumping in usage
	Wiring break	Check if button cable is correctly connected to switch device. Repair if broken	Vibration, drop	Avoid excessive bumping in usage
	Terminal screw loose	Tighten screw	Vibration, drop	Avoid excessive bumping in usage
	Button cable wire break	Replace cable or button cable when wire break	Cable coating damaged	Avoid contact with other equipment during operation
Faulty installation			Install protection line firmly	
Action does not correspond with display	Wiring error	Reference wiring diagram. If limit switch cable is properly connected, it is inversely connected. Swap 2 wire power cords	Wiring error	Properly connect wire power cords as per wiring diagram
Operation continues upon button release	Faulty switch gear part	Replace switch if not smooth.	Vibration, drop	Avoid excessive bumping in usage

9.10. Electric shock

Condition	Reason	Action	Cause	Correction
Electric shock upon touching machinery or control switch	Equipment not properly grounded	Measure earth resistance. If below 100Ω assemble ground wire	Improper ground wire connection	Firmly connect ground wire
			Ground wire bad connection	Assemble carefully to prevent loose screw
			Cable break	Do not apply excessive force on cable
	Dampness/ water	Clean, use once dry	Wet hands	Do not operate with wet hands

9.11. Hook

Condition	Reason	Action	Cause	Correction
Hook mouth open	Hook deformation	Replace hook if deformation is beyond permitted range.	Overload	Operate under rated voltage
			Lifting (hook connected with grounded object)	Do not lift grounded objects.
			Load hanging on hook head; hook pull horizontal	Lifting load properly with hook
			Hanger suspension errors	Lifting angle must be controlled within 120 °
			Load size exceeds rated hook	Using proper hook
Hook twist			Chain wrapped around load	Do not wrap chain
Head hook improper rotating	Bearing rust, corrosion	Hand rotation; maintain or replace if experiencing difficulty rotating	Inadequate grease lubricant; corrosion	Apply grease lubricant regularly; prevent hook contamination of chemical agents
	Bearing damage		Dust	Prevent foreign matter from entering head

Load chain

Condition	Reason	Action	Cause	Correction
Chain is twisted	Bottom hook up-turned	Reset hook	Bottom hook rotation during usage	Check hook state before operation
	Chain twist in machinery body	Reassemble chain guide and load chain	Improper assembly	Ensure proper assembly
Limit switch suddenly activated while lowering	Chain is twisted or knot in chain bag	Confirm chain bag capacity (chain bag nameplate) replace with larger one if capacity insufficient	Chain bag inadequate capacity	Confirm lifting height and chain bag capacity
Crackling sound	Chain is damaged	Measure wear of chain link diameter. Replace if reaching wear limit	Long-term operation with insufficient lubrication	Apply grease lubricant regularly
Irregular sound from springs (cracking sound)	Wear of link part	Measure diameter on wear of chain, and replace when at wear limit	Excessive operation	Avoid excessive operation
			Overload	Use under rated load
			Incline pull	Ensure proper pull direction
	Wear of load pulley and empty pulley	Refer to load pulley and empty pulley		
Extension of pitch	Measure pitch and replace when exceeding limit	Overload	Use under rated load	
Irregular sound	Damage or deformation on chain surface	Replace when obvious damage and deformation occur	Use under transition situation	Use under models with multiple chain
	Mark on chain surface		Chain used improperly	Ensure proper assembly
			Damaged by other equipment	Monitor surrounding environment throughout usage to avoid collisions
Discoloration	Rust, corrosion	Apply lubricants and replace when obvious rust and corrosion occurs	Lubricant exhausted	Apply lubricating oil regularly
			Exposure to water	Use in dry places
			Influenced by seawater or chemical agent	Inform us if used in special circumstances to safeguard range
Load chain fractured	Reaching service life	Check chain, replace if differing from benchmark specifications	Mechanical life	Operate correctly and manage properly including inspection before usage and regular check-ups

9.13. Chain Wheel

Condition	Reason	Action	Cause	Correction
Improper noise	Wear of chain wheel	Check wear degree on chain, wheel slot, and load chain. Replace if badly worn	Long-term operation with insufficient lubrication	Apply lubricating oil regularly
			Excessive operation	Avoid excessive operation
			Overload	Use under rated load
			Incline pull	Avoid incline pull

9.14. Load pulley and empty pulley

Condition	Reason	Action	Cause	Correction
Irregular sound from springs (cracking sound)	Wear of pulley	Measure slot edge thickness and load chain, replace if badly worn	Long-term operation with insufficient lubrication	Apply lubricating oil regularly
			Excessive operation	Avoid excessive operation
			Overload	Use under rated load
			Incline pull	Avoid incline pull

9.15. Chain Guide

Condition	Reason	Action	Cause	Correction
Increased shaking	Wear of chain guide and guide pulley	Measure benchmark size and load chain, replace if badly worn and limit size exceeded	Incline pull	Avoid incline pull

9.16. Chain Wheel, Junction Part

Condition	Reason	Action	Cause	Correction
Unable to lift loads	Wear, breakage	Replace when obvious wear or breakage occur	Long-term operation with insufficient lubrication	Apply lubricating oil and inspect annually
			Long-term operation with insufficient lubrication (joint part of motor shaft)	Apply lubricating oil and inspect annually
Irregular operation	Wear, breakage		Limit switch used too frequently	Avoid excessive use of limit switch

Bearing

Condition	Reason	Action	Cause	Correction
Unable to lift loads	Breakage	Replace bearing	High temperature or high frequency	Avoid use at high temperatures or high frequency

9.18. Trolley

Condition	Reason	Action	Cause	Correction
No drive due to wheel skid	Rail tilt	Confirm rail slope is within 1 °	Improper rail settings	Set up orbit correctly
No drive due to wheel skid	Apply oil above orbit wheel tread.	Ensure wheel is clean and unobstructed	Use in environment which outside material does not interfere with parts	Clean orbit regularly
Audible friction when travelling on curve track	Friction resistance between wheel and rail	Apply lubricating oil on track tread		
No drive on curve track	Interference of curve track and trolley	Confirm that orbit curve's radius is minimal bending radius	Curve track exceeding limit value	Avoid use on curve track exceeding limit value
Wheel raised and unable to be driven	Inclined pull (wheel raised)		Operation method	Correct use
Wheels stopped revolving	Faulty gear connection	Ensure clean space between wheel and gear	Interference from outside material	Check regularly
Abnormal sound	Improper adjustment circle	Confirm adjustment circle number and insert position	Insufficient confirmation	Install correctly
	Wear of wheel	Confirm wear degrees	Traveling surface has bump	Confirm regularly
	Deformation of wheel	Check wheel bending and surface damage	Excessive collision, traveling surface deformed	Replace and use correctly
	Aging of wheel bearings	Confirm irregular sound exists when wheel rotates	Reaching service life	Replace
	Deformation and wear of track	Confirm rail wear and deformation	Overload or reaching service life	Replace and use correctly

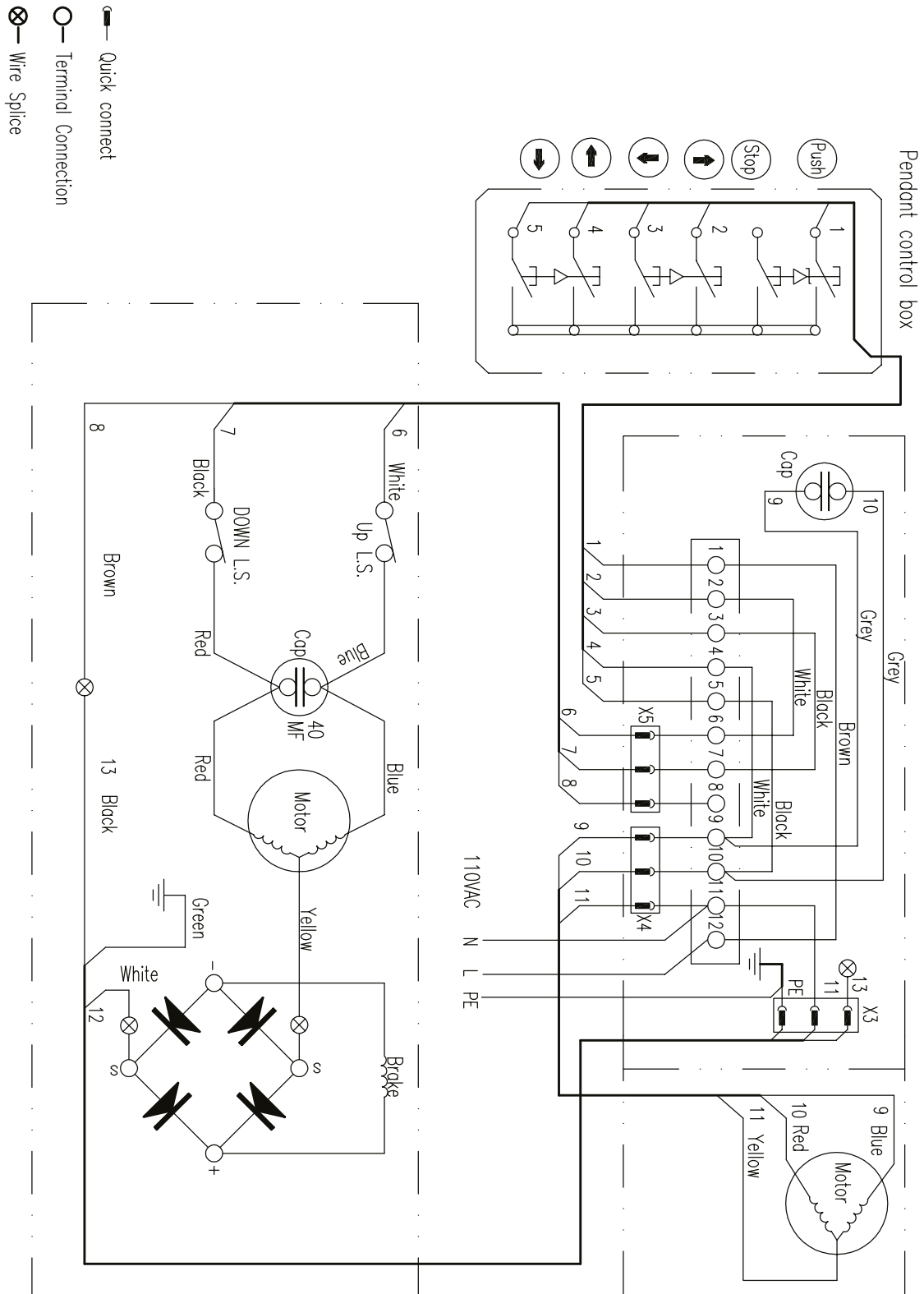
9.19. Electric Trolley

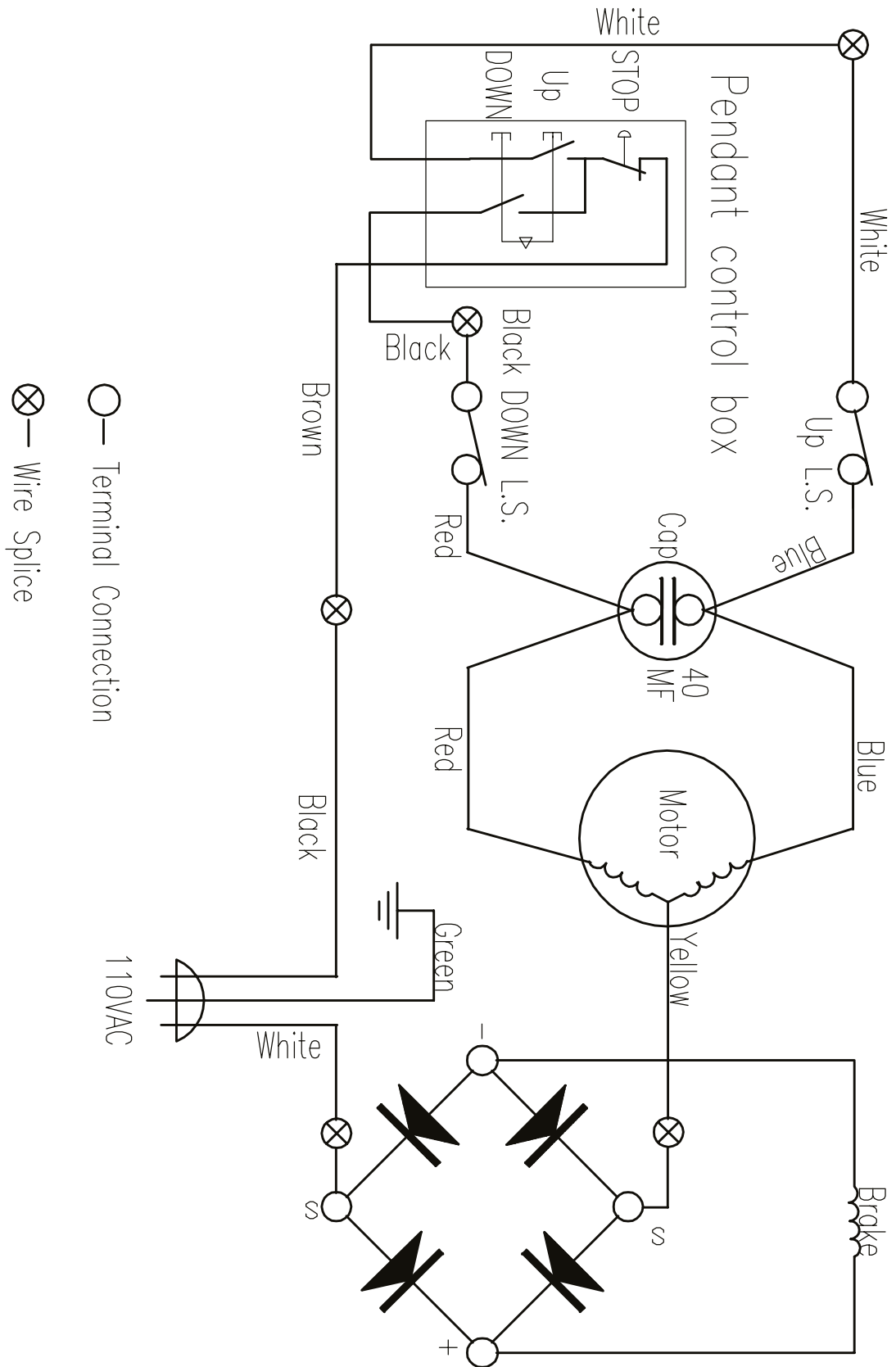
Condition	Reason	Action	Cause	Correction
Wheels stopped revolving	Brake gelling	Open motor cover remove rust and dirt	Usage environment	Inspect regularly
	Electric fault	Refer to items of electric chain hoist		
Abnormal sound	Wear of edge guide wheel	Confirm wear degrees	Reaching service life	Confirm regularly
	Wear of friction slices	Confirm wear degrees of friction slices	Reaching service life	Confirm regularly

9.20. Manual Trolley

Condition	Reason	Action	Cause	Correction
Unable to move hand chain	Bad connection between hand wheel and hand chain	Properly adjust hand chain on hand wheel	Excessive or improper usage	Replace worn or deformed components

10. CONVENTIONAL HOIST WIRING DIAGRAM (PWJTHF - PWJTHT)





○— Terminal Connection

⊗— Wire Splice

Wiring diagram of electric chain hoist

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